## SAFETY DATA SHEET

( REACH regulation (EC) n° 1907/2006 - n° 2015/830)



#### SECTION 1 : IDENTIFICATION OF THE SUBSTANCE/MIXTURE AND OF THE COMPANY/UNDERTAKING

#### 1.1. Product identifier

Product name: PROJECT EXTREM

## 1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

Ready-to-use spray-on filler, interior application by mechanical spraying.

## 1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

Registered company name : SEMIN

Address: 1a, rue de la Gare 57920 Kédange-sur-Canner - France.

• TEL: +33 (0)3 82 83 53 57. Fax: +33 (0)3 82 83 93 33.

• Email: ludivine.wininger@semin.com - www.semin.com

## 1.4. Emergency telephone number: +33 (0)1 45 42 59 59.

Association/Organisation: INRS / ORFILA http://www.centres-antipoison.net.

#### **SECTION 2: HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION**

## 2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

May produce an allergic reaction (EUH208).

This mixture does not present a physical hazard. Refer to the recommendations regarding the other products present on the site.

This mixture does not present an environmental hazard. No known or foreseeable environmental damage under standard conditions of use.

#### 2.2. Label elements

# In compliance with EC regulation No. 1272/2008 and its amendments.

Additional labeling:

EUH208 Contains 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE. May produce an allergic reaction EUH208 Contains 2-METHYLISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE. May produce an allergic reaction.

Precautionary statements - General:

P101 If medical advice is needed, have product container or label at hand.

P102 Keep out of reach of children.

#### 2.3. Other hazards

The mixture does not contain substances classified as 'Substances of Very High Concern' (SVHC) >= 0.1% published by the European CHemicals Agency (ECHA) under article 57 of REACH: http://echa.europa.eu/fr/candidate-list-table

The mixture fulfils neither the PBT nor the vPvB criteria for mixtures in accordance with annexe XIII of the REACH regulations EC 1907/2006.

#### SECTION 3: COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

## 3.2. Mixtures

# **Composition:**

Identification	(EC) 1272/2008	Note	%
CAS: 471-34-1 EC: 207-439-9 REACH: 01-2119486795-18 CALCIUM CARBONATE		[1]	50 <= x % < 92.8
CAS: 93763-70-3 EC: 618-970-4 AMORPOHOUS ALIMINA SILICATE		[1]	2.5 <= x % < 7.1
CAS: 2634-33-5 EC: 220-120-9 REACH: 01-2120761540-60 1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09 Dgr Acute Tox. 4, H302 Skin Irrit. 2, H315 Skin Sens. 1, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Aquatic Chronic 2, H411 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 1		0 <= x % < 0.05
CAS: 2682-20-4 EC: 220-239-6 REACH: 01-2120764690-50 2-METHYLISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE	GHS06, GHS05, GHS09 Dgr Acute Tox. 3, H301 Acute Tox. 3, H311 Skin Corr. 1B, H314 Skin Sens. 1A, H317 Eye Dam. 1, H318 Acute Tox. 2, H330 Aquatic Acute 1, H400 M Acute = 10 Aquatic Chronic 1, H410 M Chronic = 1	[1]	0 <= x % < 0.0015

(Full text of H-phrases: see section 16)

# Information on ingredients:

[1] Substance for which maximum workplace exposure limits are available.

# **SECTION 4 : FIRST AID MEASURES**

As a general rule, in case of doubt or if symptoms persist, always call a doctor.

NEVER induce swallowing by an unconscious person.

# 4.1 . Description of first aid measures

# In the event of exposure by inhalation :

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

# In the event of splashes or contact with skin:

In the event of an allergic reaction, seek medical attention.

#### In the event of swallowing:

Seek medical attention, showing the label.

## 4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

No data available.

#### 4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

No data available.

#### SECTION 5: FIREFIGHTING MEASURES

Non-flammable.

#### 5.1 . Extinguishing media

No data available.

#### 5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

A fire will often produce a thick black smoke. Exposure to decomposition products may be hazardous to health.

Do not breathe in smoke.

In the event of a fire, the following may be formed:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO 2)

#### 5.3 . Advice for firefighters

No data available.

## SECTION 6: ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

## 6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Consult the safety measures listed under headings 7 and 8.

#### For first aid worker

First aid workers will be equipped with suitable personal protective equipment (See section 8).

## 6.2. Environmental precautions

Prevent any material from entering drains or waterways.

## 6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Clean preferably with a detergent, do not use solvents.

## 6.4 . Reference to other sections

No data available.

# **SECTION 7: HANDLING AND STORAGE**

Requirements relating to storage premises apply to all facilities where the mixture is handled.

#### 7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Always wash hands after handling.

Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using.

#### Fire prevention:

Prevent access by unauthorised personnel.

#### Recommended equipment and procedures:

For personal protection, see section 8.

Observe precautions stated on label and also industrial safety regulations.

# Prohibited equipment and procedures:

No smoking, eating or drinking in areas where the mixture is used.

## 7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

No data available.

#### Storage

Keep out of reach of children.

#### **Packaging**

Always keep in packaging made of an identical material to the original.

# 7.3 . Specific end use(s )

No data available.

# **SECTION 8: EXPOSURE CONTROLS/PERSONAL PROTECTION**

## 8.1. Control parameters

## Occupational exposure limits:

- ACGIH TLV (American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, Threshold Limit Values, 2010):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
471-34-1	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	-

- Belgium (Arrêté du 09/03/2014, 2014) :

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
471-34-1	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	-
93763-70-3	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup>				

- France (INRS - ED984 / 2019-1487) :

CAS	VME-ppm:	VME-mg/m3:	VLE-ppm:	VLE-mg/m3:	Notes:	TMP No:
471-34-1	-	10	-	-	-	-

- Switzerland (SUVAPRO 2017) :

CAS	VME	VLE	Valeur	Notations
			plafond	
471-34-1	3 a mg/m <sup>3</sup>			

- UK / WEL (Workplace exposure limits, EH40/2005, 2011):

CAS	TWA:	STEL:	Ceiling:	Definition:	Criteria:
471-34-1	10 mg/m3	-	-	-	TI

## Derived no effect level (DNEL) or derived minimum effect level (DMEL):

CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS: 471-34-1)

Final use: Workers.

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 10 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 4.26 mg of substance/m3

Final use: Consumers.

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term systemic effects.

DNEL: 10 mg of substance/m3

Exposure method: Inhalation.

Potential health effects: Long term local effects.

DNEL: 1.06 mg of substance/m3

# Predicted no effect concentration (PNEC):

CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS: 471-34-1)

Environmental compartment: Waste water treatment plant.

PNEC: 100 mg/l

# 8.2 . Exposure controls

## Personal protection measures, such as personal protective equipment

 $Pictogram(s)\ indicating\ the\ obligation\ of\ wearing\ personal\ protective\ equipment\ (PPE):$ 



Use personal protective equipment that is clean and has been properly maintained.

Store personal protective equipment in a clean place, away from the work area.

Never eat, drink or smoke during use. Remove and wash contaminated clothing before re-using. Ensure that there is adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas.

## - Eye / face protection

Avoid contact with eyes.

Use eye protectors designed to protect against liquid splashes

Before handling, wear safety goggles in accordance with standard EN166.

#### - Hand protection

Wear suitable protective gloves in the event of prolonged or repeated skin contact.

Use suitable protective gloves that are resistant to chemical agents in accordance with standard EN374.

Gloves must be selected according to the application and duration of use at the workstation.

Protective gloves need to be selected according to their suitability for the workstation in question: other chemical products that may be handled, necessary physical protections (cutting, pricking, heat protection), level of dexterity required.

Type of gloves recommended:

- Natural latex
- Nitrile rubber (butadiene-acrylonitrile copolymer rubber (NBR))
- PVC (polyvinyl chloride)
- Butyl Rubber (Isobutylene-isoprene copolymer ) Recommended properties :
- Impervious gloves in accordance with standard EN374

#### - Body protection

Work clothing worn by personnel shall be laundered regularly.

After contact with the product, all parts of the body that have been soiled must be washed.

# SECTION 9: PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

## 9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

#### **General information:**

Physical state: Paste.

Important health, safety and environmental information pH: Not

stated.

Slightly basic.

Flash point interval: Not

relevant.

Vapour pressure (50°C): Not

relevant.

Density: 1.35 Water solubility: Dilutable.

# 9.2. Other information

VOC(g/l): < 1

# **SECTION 10: STABILITY AND REACTIVITY**

#### 10.1. Reactivity

No data available.

#### 10.2. Chemical stability

This mixture is stable under the recommended handling and storage conditions in section 7.

## 10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

No data available.

# 10.4 . Conditions to avoid

Avoid:

- frost

## 10.5 . Incompatible materials

Keep away from:

- oxidising agents

# 10.6 . Hazardous decomposition products

The thermal decomposition may release/form:

- carbon monoxide (CO)
- carbon dioxide (CO 2)

# SECTION 11 : TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

## 11.1 . Information on toxicological effects

No data available.

11.1.1 . Substances

## Acute toxicity:

CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS: 471-34-1)

Oral route: LD50 > 2000 mg/kg

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 420 (Acute Oral ToxicityFixed Dose Method)

 $Dermal\ route: \qquad LD50 > 2000\ mg/kg$ 

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 402 (Acute Dermal Toxicity)

Inhalation route (Dusts/mist): LC50 > 3 mg/l

Species: Rat

OECD Guideline 403 (Acute Inhalation Toxicity)

#### 11.1.2. Mixture

# Respiratory or skin sensitisation:

Contains at least one sensitising substance. May cause an allergic reaction.

# $Monograph(s)\ from\ the\ IARC\ (International\ Agency\ for\ Research\ on\ Cancer):$

CAS 50-00-0: IARC Group 1: The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 14808-60-7: IARC Group 1: The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

CAS 14808-60-7: IARC Group 1: The agent is carcinogenic to humans.

# **SECTION 12: ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION**

## 12.1. Toxicity

# 12.1.1 . Substances

CALCIUM CARBONATE (CAS: 471-34-1)

Algae toxicity: ECr50 > 14 mg/l

Species : Desmodesmus subspicatus Duration of exposure : 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

NOEC = 14 mg/l

Species : Desmodesmus subspicatus Duration of exposure : 72 h OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE (CAS: 2634-33-5)

Fish toxicity: LC50 = 1.6 mg/l

Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 96 h

OECD Guideline 203 (Fish, Acute Toxicity Test)

NOEC = 0.21 mg/l Species : Oncorhynchus mykiss Duration of exposure : 28 days

OECD Guideline 215 (Fish, Juvenile Growth Test)

Crustacean toxicity: EC50 = 3.27 mg/l

Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 48 h

OECD Guideline 202 (Daphnia sp. Acute Immobilisation Test)

NOEC = 1.2 mg/l Species : Daphnia magna Duration of exposure : 21 days

Algae toxicity: ECr50 = 0.11 mg/l

Species : Selenastrum capricornutum Duration of exposure : 72 h

OECD Guideline 201 (Alga, Growth Inhibition Test)

EC10 mg/l

Species: Selenastrum capricornutum

Duration of exposure: 72 h

## **12.1.2** . Mixtures

No aquatic toxicity data available for the mixture.

# 12.2 . Persistence and degradability

## 12.2.1 . Substances

1,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE (CAS: 2634-33-5)

Biodegradability: Rapidly degradable.

# 12.3 . Bioaccumulative potential

#### 12.3.1 . Substances

1 ,2-BENZISOTHIAZOL-3(2H)-ONE (CAS : 2634-33-5) Octanol/water partition coefficient : log Koe = 0.7

# 12.4. Mobility in soil

No data available.

# 12.5 . Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

No data available.

## 12.6. Other adverse effects

No data available.

German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

Nicht wassergefährdend: Not hazardous for water.

## **SECTION 13: DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS**

Proper waste management of the mixture and/or its container must be determined in accordance with Directive 2008/98/EC.

#### 13.1. Waste treatment methods

Do not pour into drains or waterways.

#### Waste:

Waste management is carried out without endangering human health, without harming the environment and, in particular without risk to water, air, soil, plants or animals.

Recycle or dispose of waste in compliance with current legislation, preferably via a certified collector or company.

Do not contaminate the ground or water with waste, do not dispose of waste into the environment.

#### Soiled packaging:

Empty container completely. Keep label(s) on container.

Give to a certified disposal contractor.

# **SECTION 14: TRANSPORT INFORMATION**

Exempt from transport classification and labelling.

14.1. UN number

-

14.2. UN proper shipping name

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14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

-

14.4. Packing group

-

14.5. Environmental hazards

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14.6. Special precautions for user

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# **SECTION 15: REGULATORY INFORMATION**

- 15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture
- Classification and labelling information included in section  ${\bf 2}$ :

The following regulations have been used:

- EU Regulation No. 1272/2008 amended by EU Regulation No. 2020/217 (ATP 14)
- Container information :

No data available.

- Particular provisions:

No data available.

- German regulations concerning the classification of hazards for water (WGK, AwSV vom 18/04/2017, KBws):

Nicht wassergefährdend: Not hazardous for water.

- Standardised American system for the identification of hazards presented by the product in view of emergency procedures (NFPA 704)

:

NFPA 704, Labelling: Health=0 Inflammability=1 Instability/Reactivity=1 Specific Risk=none



- Swiss ordinance on the incentive tax on volatile organic compounds :

50-00-0 formaldehyde (méthanal)

#### 15.2. Chemical safety assessment

No data available.

Since the user's working conditions are not known by us, the information supplied on this safety data sheet is based on our current level of knowledge and on national and community regulations.

The mixture must not be used for other uses than those specified in section 1 without having first obtained written handling instructions.

It is at all times the responsibility of the user to take all necessary measures to comply with legal requirements and local regulations.

The information in this safety data sheet must be regarded as a description of the safety requirements relating to the mixture and not as a guarantee of the properties thereof.

## Wording of the phrases mentioned in section 3:

H302 Harmful if swallowed.

H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

H318 Causes serious eye damage.

H330 Fatal if inhaled.

H400 Very toxic to aquatic life.

H411 Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

## **Abbreviations:**

DNEL: Derived No-Effect Level

PNEC: Predicted No-Effect Concentration

ADR: European agreement concerning the international carriage of dangerous goods by Road.

IMDG: International Maritime Dangerous Goods.

IATA: International Air Transport Association.
ICAO: International Civil Aviation Organisation

RID: Regulations concerning the International carriage of Dangerous goods by rail.

WGK: Wassergefahrdungsklasse (Water Hazard Class).

PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulable and toxic. vPvB: Very persistent, very bioaccumulable. SVHC: Substances of very high concern.