FPB124 - FONDO POL. BIANCO 124 - FPV124B

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Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878 and to Annex II to UK REACH

.1. Product identifier					
Code:	FPB124				
Product name		BIANCO 124 - FPV124B			
UFI :	01UA-X0YG-1	006-QHS8			
1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substanc	e or mixture and use	s advised against			
Intended use	WHITE POLY	URETHANE BASE			
Identified Uses	Industrial	Professiona	al	Consumer	
Product for painting	\checkmark	-		-	
4.0. Datalla af the annualism of the and the data	choot				
1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data Name	KEMICHAL S				
Name Full address	KEMICHAL S Via Dell'Artig	ianato, 2	(PD)		
Name	KEMICHAL S		(PD)		
Name Full address	KEMICHAL S Via Dell'Artig	ianato, 2 Trebaseleghe	(PD)		
Name Full address District and Country	KEMICHAL S Via Dell'Artig 35010	ianato, 2 Trebaseleghe Italia	(PD)		
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person	KEMICHAL S Via Dell'Artig 35010 Tel. Fax	ianato, 2 Trebaseleghe Italia +390499385648 +390499385070	(PD)		
Name Full address District and Country	KEMICHAL S Via Dell'Artig 35010 Tel.	ianato, 2 Trebaseleghe Italia +390499385648 +390499385070	(PD)		
Name Full address District and Country e-mail address of the competent person	KEMICHAL S Via Dell'Artig 35010 Tel. Fax	ianato, 2 Trebaseleghe Italia +390499385648 +390499385070	(PD)		

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation 2020/878.

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:		
Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure,	H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
category 3		
Skin sensitization, category 1A	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:



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SECTION 2. Hazards identification ... / >>

Signal words:	Danger
Hazard statements: H225 H304 H373 H319 H315 H335 H317	Highly flammable liquid and vapour. May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways. May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure. Causes serious eye irritation. Causes skin irritation. May cause respiratory irritation. May cause an allergic skin reaction.
Precautionary statemer P210 P331 P280 P301+P310 P370+P378 P261	 Nts: Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking. Do NOT induce vomiting. Wear protective gloves/ protective clothing / eye protection / face protection. IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor (show label if possible). In case of fire: use carbon dioxide, foam, dry chemical, water spray to extinguish. Do not use water directly on the flames. Avoid breathing mist / vapours / spray.
Contains:	XYLENE MALEIC ANHYDRIDE Miscela reattiva di etilbenzene ,m-xilene p-xilene (Benzene <0,01%) Reazione di massa dell'etilbenzene e dello xilene prodotti della reazione di addizione di acidi grassi dell'olio girasole coniugati e acidi grassi di talloil con anidride acida dell'acido maleico
Product not intended fo	r uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.
2.3. Other hazards	
On the basis of availabl	e data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.
The product does not co	ontain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration $\ge 0.1\%$.
SECTION 3. Comp	osition/information on ingredients
3.1. Substances	
Information not relevant	t
3.2. Mixtures	
Contains:	

Identification		x = Conc. %	Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)
XYLENE			
INDEX	601-022-00-9	11,5≤x< 13	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C
EC	215-535-7		ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
CAS	1330-20-7		
REACH Reg.	01-2119488216-32	2	
Miscela reatti	va di etilbenzene ,n	n-xilene p-xilene (Benz	zene <0,01%)
INDEX		4,8 ≤ x < 5	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335
EC CAS	905-562-9		ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
REACH Reg.	01-2119555267-33	3-XXXX	
ETHYL ACET	ATE		
INDEX	607-022-00-5	3,8 ≤ x < 4	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066
EC	205-500-4		
CAS	141-78-6		
REACH Reg.	01-2119475103-46	5	

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/>>

Reazione di m	assa dell'etilbenzer	ne e dello xilene	
INDEX		$2,2 \le x \le 2,3$	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335
EC	905-588-0		ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l
CAS			
•	reazione di addizio	ne di acidi grassi dell'o	lio girasole coniugati e acidi grassi di talloil con anidride acida dell'acido
maleico			
INDEX		0,2425 ≤ x < 0,2525	Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317
EC	701-043-4		
CAS			
METHANOL			
INDEX	603-001-00-X	0,15 ≤ x < 0,16	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 3 H301, Acute Tox. 3 H311, Acute Tox. 3 H331, STOT SE 1 H370
EC	200-659-6		STOT SE 2 H371: ≥ 3% - < 10%
CAS	67-56-1		ATE Oral: 100 mg/kg, ATE Dermal: 300 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 3 mg/l
REACH Reg.	01-2119433307-44		
ETHYLBENZE	NE		
INDEX	601-023-00-4	0,076 ≤ x < 0,078	Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412
EC	202-849-4		LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h
CAS	100-41-4		
CUMENE			
INDEX	601-024-00-X	0,004 ≤ x < 0,005	Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Carc. 1B H350, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT SE 3 H335, Aquatic Chronic 2 H411
EC	202-704-5		
CAS	98-82-8		
MALEIC ANHY	(DRIDE		
INDEX	607-096-00-9	0,002 ≤ x < 0,003	Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318, Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1A H317, EUH071
EC	203-571-6		Skin Sens. 1A H317: ≥ 0,001%
CAS	108-31-6		ATE Oral: 500 mg/kg

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention.

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF SWALLOWED: immediately call a POISON CENTER / doctor (show label if possible).

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SECTION 4. First aid measures ... / >>

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations. SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

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SECTION 7. Handling and storage ... / >>

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ,
		СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17 Януари 2020г.)
ESP	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en FranceDécret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των
		οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας
		2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με
		την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
LTU	Lietuva	Jsakymas dėl lietuvos higienos normos hn 23:2011 "cheminių medžiagų profesinio poveikio
		ribiniai dydžiai. Matavimo ir poveikio vertinimo bendrieji reikalavimai" patvirtinimo
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os
	C C	agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os
		riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające
		rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych
		dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum si pentru
		modificarea si completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
TUR	Türkiye	Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalışmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik
	2	12.08.2013 / 28733; 20.10.2023 / 32345.
GBR	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)
		2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive
		2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive
		91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023

Threshold Limit Value Type Country TWA/8h STEL/15min Remarks / Observation mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm											
mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm	ions										
TLV BGR 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
VLA ESP 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
VLEP FRA 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
TLV GRC 435 100 650 150											
VLEP ITA 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
RD LTU 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
VLE PRT 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
NDS/NDSCh POL 100 200 SKIN											
TLV ROU 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
ESD TUR 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
WEL GBR 220 50 441 100 SKIN											
OEL EU 221 50 442 100 SKIN											
TLV-ACGIH 20											

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection ... / >>

WEL

TLV-ACGIH

GBR

4

0,2

				CALCIUM	CARBONA	ΓE
Threshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
VLEP	FRA	10				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	10				INHAL
				TITANIL	JM DIOXIDE	
Threshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	10				RESP
VLA	ESP	10				
VLEP	FRA	10				
TLV	GRC		10			
RD	LTU	5				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	10				INHAL
TLV	ROU	10		15		
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL

RESP

RESP

				ETHYI	BENZENE	
reshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	435		545		SKIN
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125	
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
RD	LTU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	200		400		SKIN
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
ESD	TUR	442	100	884	200	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

	CUMENE									
Threshold Limit \	Threshold Limit Value									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
TLV	BGR	100	20	250	50	SKIN				
VLA	ESP	50	10	250	50	SKIN				
VLEP	FRA	50	10	250	50	SKIN				
TLV	GRC	245	50	370	75					
VLEP	ITA	100	20	250	50	SKIN				
RD	LTU	50	10	170	35	SKIN				
VLE	PRT	50	10	250	50	INHAL				
VLE	PRT	50	10	250	50	SKIN				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	50		250		SKIN				
TLV	ROU	50	10	250	50	SKIN				
ESD	TUR	50	10	250	50	SKIN				
WEL	GBR	125	25	250	50	SKIN				
OEL	EU	50	10	250	50	SKIN				
TLV-ACGIH			5							

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METHANOL											
hreshold Limit Value											
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations					
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm						
TLV	BGR	260	200			SKIN					
VLA	ESP	266	200			SKIN					
VLEP	FRA	260	200	1300	1000	SKIN 11					
TLV	GRC	260	200	325	250						
VLEP	ITA	260	200			SKIN					
RD	LTU	260	200			SKIN					
VLE	PRT	260	200			SKIN					
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		300		SKIN					
TLV	ROU	260	200			SKIN					
ESD	TUR	260	200			SKIN					
WEL	GBR	266	200	333	250	SKIN					
OEL	EU	260	200								
TLV-ACGIH		262	200	328	250	SKIN					

ETHANOL										
Threshold Limit Value										
Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations					
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm						
BGR	1000									
ESP			1910	1000						
FRA	1900	1000	9500	5000						
GRC	1900	1000								
LTU	1000	500	1900	1000						
POL	1900									
ROU	1900	1000	9500	5000						
TUR	1900	1000								
GBR	1920	1000								
			1884	1000						
	Country BGR ESP FRA GRC LTU POL ROU TUR	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 BGR 1000 ESP FRA FRA 1900 GRC 1900 LTU 1000 POL 1900 ROU 1900 TUR 1900	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 ppm BGR 1000 ESP	Galue TWA/8h STEL/15 mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 BGR 1000 1000 ESP 1910 1910 FRA 1900 1000 9500 GRC 1900 1000 1900 LTU 1000 500 1900 POL 1900 1000 9500 TUR 1900 1000 9500 GBR 1920 1000 1000	Galue STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm BGR 1000 5000 5000 ESP 1910 1000 5000 FRA 1900 1000 5000 5000 GRC 1900 1000 1000 1000 POL 1900 1000 9500 5000 TUR 1900 1000 9500 5000 GBR 1920 1000 1000 1000	BGR TWA/8h STEL/15min Remarks / Observations mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm BGR 1000 1000 1000 FRA 1900 1000 5000 GRC 1900 1000 1000 LTU 1000 500 1000 POL 1900 1000 1000 TUR 1900 1000 5000 GBR 1920 1000 5000				

			PROF	PAN-2-OL	
/alue					
Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
	mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
BGR	980		1225		
ESP	500	200	1000	400	
FRA			980	400	
GRC	980	400	1225	500	
LTU	350	150	600	250	
POL	900		1200		SKIN
ROU	200	81	500	203	
TUR	980	400			
GBR	999	400	1250	500	
	492	200	983	400	
	Country BGR ESP FRA GRC LTU POL ROU TUR	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 BGR 980 ESP 500 FRA	Country TWA/8h mg/m3 ppm BGR 980 ESP 500 200 FRA	Galue TWA/8h STEL/15i mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 BGR 980 1225 ESP 500 200 1000 FRA 980 225 LTU 350 150 600 POL 900 1200 1200 ROU 200 81 500 TUR 980 400 1250	Country TWA/8h STEL/15min mg/m3 ppm mg/m3 ppm BGR 980 1225 ESP 500 200 1000 400 FRA 980 400 1225 500 LTU 350 150 600 250 POL 900 1200 1200 ROU 200 81 500 203 TUR 980 400 1250 500

				DI-ISOBU	TYL KETO	NE	
Threshold Limit V	/alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLA	ESP	148	25				
VLEP	FRA	250	25				
TLV	GRC	290	50				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	150		300			
TLV	ROU	150	26	250	43		
ESD	TUR	290	50				
WEL	GBR	148	25				
TLV-ACGIH		145	25				

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				ETHYL	ACETATE		
hreshold Limit	Value						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	nin	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	734	200	1468	400		
VLA	ESP	734	200	1468	400		
VLEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400		
TLV	GRC	734	200	1468	400		
VLEP	ITA	734	200	1468	400		
RD	LTU	500	150	1100 (C)	300 (C)		
VLE	PRT	734	200	1468	400		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	734		1468			
TLV	ROU	734	200	1468	400		
ESD	TUR	734	200	1468	400		
WEL	GBR	734	200	1468	400		
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400		
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400				

				MALEIC	ANHYDRIDE	
Threshold Limit V	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	1				
VLA	ESP	0,4	0,1			
VLEP	FRA			1		
TLV	GRC	1				
RD	LTU	1,2	0,3	2,5	0,6	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,5		1		SKIN
TLV	ROU	1	0,25	3	0,75	
ESD	TUR	1	0,25			
WEL	GBR	1		3		
TLV-ACGIH		0,01	0,0025			INHAL

adiated no offect on		liscela reattiva d			ie (Benzene	-0,0170)		
edicted no-effect co		- PNEC						
Normal value in fresh						327	µg/L	
Normal value in mari	ne water					327	µg/L	
Normal value for fres	h water sed	iment				12,46	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for mar	ine water se	ediment				12,46	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for wate	er, intermitte	ent release				327	µg/L	
Normal value of STP	microorgan	isms				6,58	mg/l	
ealth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL					Ū	
	Effects o	n consumers			Effects on w	orkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
		•						•
Oral				1,6				
Oral				,				
Oral				mg/kg bw/d	289			77
				mg/kg bw/d 14,8				
Inhalation				mg/kg bw/d 14,8 mg/m3	289 mg/m3			mg/m3
				mg/kg bw/d 14,8				

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

	ncentration	- FINEU				0.007		
Normal value in fresh						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value in mari						0,327	mg/l	
Normal value for fres						12,46	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for mar						12,46	mg/kg/d	
Normal value for wate	,					0,327	mg/l	
Normal value of STP	0					6,58	mg/l	
Normal value for the		•				2,31	mg/kg/d	
alth - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects on	consumers			Effects on w	orkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				12,5				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation	260	260	65,3	65,3	442	442	221	221
	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3
Skin				125				212
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d
			Caoli	no calcinato				
edicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC	Caolin	no calcinato				
edicted no-effect cor Normal value in fresh		- PNEC	Caoli	no calcinato		4,1	mg/l	
	water	- PNEC	Caoli	no calcinato		4,1 0,41	mg/l mg/l	
Normal value in fresh	water ne water		Caolii	no calcinato		,	0	

Predicted no-effect cor	ncentration	- PNEC						
Normal value for the	food chain (secondary poisor	ning)			67	mg/kg	
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on wor	kers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				1,5				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Skin				1,5				3
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING ; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction ; RESP = Respirable Fraction ; THORA = Thoracic Fraction. VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability time.

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion. EYE PROTECTION

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection/>>

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321). RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties	Value	Information
Appearance	dense liquid	
Colour	white	
Odour	characteristic of solvent	
Melting point / freezing point	not available	
Initial boiling point	77 °C	
Flammability	not available	
Lower explosive limit	not available	
Upper explosive limit	not available	
Flash point	-4 °C	
Auto-ignition temperature	not available	
Decomposition temperature	not available	
pH	not available	
Kinematic viscosity	18792 mm2/s	Temperature: 20 °C
Dynamic viscosity	28000 mPas	Method:Brookfield(R5/RPM5
		Temperature: 20 °C
Solubility	insoluble in water	
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water	not available	
Vapour pressure	not available	
Density and/or relative density	1,49 kg/l	Temperature: 20 °C
Relative vapour density	not available	·
Particle characteristics	not applicable	

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F)	75,43 %	
VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU)	24,57 % - 366,13	g/litre
VOC (volatile carbon)	20,57 % - 306,54	g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity/>>

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

XYLENE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.Reacts violently with: strong oxidants,strong acids,nitric acid,perchlorates.May form explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants.Attacks various types of plastic materials.May form explosive mixtures with: air. ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals,hydrides,oleum.May react violently with: fluorine,strong oxidising

agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

ETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: acids,bases,strong oxidants,chlorosulphuric acid.

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification. It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

Information not available

Information on likely routes of exposure

XYLENE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

ETHYLBENZENE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

METHANOL

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin. POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

XYLENE

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

METHANOL

The minimum lethal dose for humans by ingestion is considered to be in the range from 300 to 1000 mg/kg. Ingestion of 4-10 ml of the substance may cause permanent blindness in adult humans (IPCS).

Interactive effects

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information/>>

XYLENE

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: ATE (Oral) of the mixture: ATE (Dermal) of the mixture:	> 20 mg/l >2000 mg/kg >2000 mg/kg
XYLENE	
LD50 (Dermal):	4350 mg/kg Rabbit
ATE (Dermal):	1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral):	3523 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	26 mg/l/4h Rat
ATE (Inhalation vapours):	11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
ETHYLBENZENE	
LD50 (Dermal):	15354 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	3500 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	17,2 mg/l/4h Rat
CUMENE	
LD50 (Dermal):	> 3160 mg/kg Rabbit
LD50 (Oral):	1400 mg/kg Rat
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 17,6 mg/l/6h Rat
METHANOL	
ATE (Dermal):	300 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
ATE (Oral):	100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	> 87,6 mg/l/4h Rat
ATE (Inhalation vapours):	3 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
MALEIC ANHYDRIDE	
LD50 (Dermal):	610 mg/kg Rat
LD50 (Oral):	400 mg/kg Rat
Miscela reattiva di etilbenzene ,m-xilene p-xilene (B	
LD50 (Dermal): ATE (Dermal):	12126 mg/kg
ATE (Definal).	1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP (figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral):	3500 mg/kg
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	27,124 mg/l/4h
ATE (Inhalation vapours):	11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
Reazione di massa dell'etilbenzene e dello xilene	
LD50 (Dermal):	> 4350 mg/kg ratto
ATE (Dermal):	1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)
LD50 (Oral):	3500 mg/kg ratto
LC50 (Inhalation vapours):	29,08 mg/l/4h ratto
ATE (Inhalation vapours):	11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP
	(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

prodotti della reazione di addizione di acidi grassi dell'olio girasole coniugati e acidi grassi di talloil con anidride acida dell'acido

ΕN

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SECTION 11. Toxicological information ... / >>

maleico LD50 (Oral):

> 2000 mg/kg ratto (femmina) - OECD 423

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file on-line 2014).

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

May cause respiratory irritation

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

Miscela reattiva di etilbenzene ,m-xilene p-xilene (Be	enzene <0,01%)
LC50 - for Fish	2,6 mg/l/96h
EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	4,36 mg/l/72h
EC10 for Algae / Aquatic Plants	1900 µg/L/72h
Chronic NOEC for Fish	1,3 mg/l
Chronic NOEC for Crustacea	1065 µg/L
Chronic NOEC for Algae / Aquatic Plants	440 µg/L/72

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SECTION 12. Ecological information ... / >>

prodotti della reazione di addizione di acidi grassi dell'oli LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants	o girasole coniugati e acidi grassi di talloil con anidride acida dell'acido maleico > 150 mg/l/96h Leuciscus idus > 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna > 100 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata
12.2. Persistence and degradability	
XYLENE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	100 - 1000 mg/l
METHANOL Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	1000 - 10000 mg/l
ETHYL ACETATE Solubility in water Rapidly degradable	> 10000 mg/l
12.3. Bioaccumulative potential	
XYLENE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	3,12 25,9
METHANOL Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	-0,77 0,2
ETHYL ACETATE Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water BCF	0,68 30
12.4. Mobility in soil	

Information not available

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations. Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

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SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IMDG:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL
IATA:	PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IMDG:	Class: 3	Label: 3
IATA:	Class: 3	Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: Ш

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID:	NO
IMDG:	not marine pollutant
IATA:	NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID:

IMDG: IATA:

HIN - Kemler: 33 Special provision: 163, 367, 640(C-D), 650 Cargo: Passengers: Special provision:

Limited Quantities: 5 L EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 L Maximum quantity: 60 L Maximum quantity: 5 L A3, A72, A192

Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Packaging instructions: 364 Packaging instructions: 353

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU:

P5c

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006
Product

TTOQUOL	
Point	3 - 40
Contained substance	
Point	75

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage \geq than 0,1%.

@EPY 11.7.1 - SDS 1004.14

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information/>>

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)
None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flow Lin 0	Elemente la liquid contenent O
Flam. Liq. 2	Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Carc. 1B	Flammable liquid, category 3
Acute Tox. 3	Carcinogenicity, category 1B Acute toxicity, category 3
STOT SE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 1
Acute Tox. 4	Acute toxicity, category 4
STOT RE 1	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1
Asp. Tox. 1	Aspiration hazard, category 1
STOT RE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2
Skin Corr. 1B	Skin corrosion, category 1B
Eve Irrit. 2	Eye irritation, category 2
Skin Irrit. 2	Skin irritation, category 2
STOT SE 3	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3
Resp. Sens. 1	Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1	Skin sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1A	Skin sensitization, category 1A
STOT SE 2	Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 2	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 2
Aquatic Chronic 3	Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3
H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H226	Flammable liquid and vapour.
H350	May cause cancer.
H301	Toxic if swallowed.
H311	Toxic in contact with skin.
H331	Toxic if inhaled.
H370	Causes damage to organs.
H302	Harmful if swallowed.
H312	Harmful in contact with skin.
H332	Harmful if inhaled.
H372	Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.
H314	Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.
H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
H315	Causes skin irritation.
H335	May cause respiratory irritation.
H334	May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.
H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.
H336	May cause drowsiness or dizziness.
H371	May cause damage to organs.
H411	Toxic to aquatic life with long lasting effects.
H412	Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

EUH066 EUH071 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking. Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

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- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
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- 23. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/707
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1434 (XIX Atp. CLP)
- 24. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

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SECTION 16. Other information ... / >>

- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses. Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review: The following sections were modified: 01 / 02 / 03 / 04 / 08 / 10 / 11 / 12 / 14 / 16.