KEMICHAL SRL

LPB535 - LUCIDO POL. BIANCO 535 - LPV535B

Revision nr.6 Dated 20/12/2024

Printed on 20/12/2024
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Replaced revision:5 (Dated 16/07/2024)

Safety Data Sheet

According to Annex II to REACH - Regulation (EU) 2020/878

SECTION 1. Identification of the substance/mixture and of the company/undertaking

1.1. Product identifier

LPB535 Code:

Product name **LUCIDO POL. BIANCO 535 - LPV535B**

VA7C-A0P7-T00Y-AC3G

1.2. Relevant identified uses of the substance or mixture and uses advised against

POLYURETHANE GLOSS WHITE Intended use

Identified Uses Industrial **Professional** Consumer Product for painting

1.3. Details of the supplier of the safety data sheet

KEMICHAL SRL Full address Via Dell'Artigianato, 2

(PD) District and Country 35010 Trebaseleghe

Italia

+390499385648 Tel. +390499385070 Fax

e-mail address of the competent person

responsible for the Safety Data Sheet laboratorio@kemichal.it

1.4. Emergency telephone number

National Poisons Information Service DIAL 111 For urgent inquiries refer to

SECTION 2. Hazards identification

2.1. Classification of the substance or mixture

The product is classified as hazardous pursuant to the provisions set forth in (EC) Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) (and subsequent amendments and supplements). The product thus requires a safety datasheet that complies with the provisions of (EU) Regulation

Any additional information concerning the risks for health and/or the environment are given in sections 11 and 12 of this sheet.

Hazard classification and indication:

Flammable liquid, category 2	H225	Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
Reproductive toxicity, category 2	H361d	Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
Aspiration hazard, category 1	H304	May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.
Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure,	H373	May cause damage to organs through prolonged or
category 2		repeated exposure.
Eye irritation, category 2	H319	Causes serious eye irritation.
Skin irritation, category 2	H315	Causes skin irritation.
Skin sensitization, category 1A	H317	May cause an allergic skin reaction.

2.2. Label elements

Hazard labelling pursuant to EC Regulation 1272/2008 (CLP) and subsequent amendments and supplements.

Hazard pictograms:







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SECTION 2. Hazards identification .../>>

Signal words: Danger

Hazard statements:

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour.
H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.
H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H319 Causes serious eye irritation.
H315 Causes skin irritation.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.

Precautionary statements:

P210 Keep away from heat, hot surfaces, sparks, open flames and other ignition sources. No smoking.

P331 Do NOT induce vomiting.

P280 Wear protective gloves/clothing and protect your eyes/face.

P301+P310 IF SWALLOWED: immediately contact a POISON CENTER / doctor (show the label if possible).

P370+P378 In case of fire: use carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder, water spray to extinguish. Do not use water

directly on flames.

P261 Avoid breathing mist / vapors / aerosols.

Contains: TOLUENE

XYLENE

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

Mass reaction of ethylbenzene and xylene

products of the addition reaction of conjugated sunflower oil fatty acids and thalloyl fatty acids with acid

anhydride of maleic acid

Product not intended for uses provided for by Directive 2004/42/EC.

2.3. Other hazards

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

The product does not contain substances with endocrine disrupting properties in concentration ≥ 0.1%.

SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients

3.1. Substances

Information not relevant

3.2. Mixtures

Contains:

Identification x = Conc. % Classification (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP)

XYLENE

INDEX 601-022-00-9 11,5 \leq x < 13 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335, Classification note

according to Annex VI to the CLP Regulation: C

EC 215-535-7 ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l CAS 1330-20-7

REACH Reg. 01-2119488216-32 ETHYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-022-00-5 $6 \le x < 7$

EC 205-500-4 CAS 141-78-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475103-46

TOLUENE

INDEX 601-021-00-3 $4.3 \le x < 4.5$

EC 203-625-9 CAS 108-88-3

REACH Reg. 01-2119471310-51

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Repr. 2 H361d, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H336, Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

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SECTION 3. Composition/information on ingredients/

Mass reaction of ethylbenzene and xylene

INDEX 2,4 ≤ x < 2,6 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304,

STOT RE 2 H373, Eye Irrit. 2 H319, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335

EC 905-588-0 ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours: 11 mg/l

CAS
CYCLOHEXANONE

INDEX 606-010-00-7 $1,92 \le x < 2,02$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, Acute Tox. 4 H302, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 5 H312, Acute Tox. 4 H312, Acute Tox. 5 H312, Acute Tox. 6 H312, Acute Tox. 7 H312, Acute Tox. 7

Eye Dam. 1 H318, Skin Irrit. 2 H315, STOT SE 3 H335

EC 203-631-1 LD50 Oral: 1890 mg/kg, ATE Dermal: 1100 mg/kg, ATE Inhalation vapours:

11 mg/l

CAS 108-94-1

REACH Reg. 01-2119453616-35

products of the addition reaction of conjugated sunflower oil fatty acids and thalloyl fatty acids with acid anhydride of maleic acid

INDEX $0,2425 \le x < 0,2525$ Skin Irrit. 2 H315, Skin Sens. 1 H317

EC 701-043-4

CAS

ETHYLBENZENE

INDEX 601-023-00-4 0,16 ≤ x < 0,17 Flam. Liq. 2 H225, Acute Tox. 4 H332, Asp. Tox. 1 H304, STOT RE 2 H373,

Aquatic Chronic 3 H412

EC 202-849-4 LC50 Inhalation vapours: 17,2 mg/l/4h

CAS 100-41-4 Propylidintrimethanol

INDEX $0.14 \le x < 0.15$ Repr. 2 H361fd

EC 201-074-9 CAS 77-99-6

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-195-00-7 $0,049 \le x < 0,051$ Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336

EC 203-603-9 CAS 108-65-6

REACH Reg. 01-2119475791-29

N-BUTYL ACETATE

INDEX 607-025-00-1 0,0192 ≤ x < 0,0202 Flam. Liq. 3 H226, STOT SE 3 H336, EUH066

EC 204-658-1 CAS 123-86-4 REACH Req. 01-2119485493-29

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

INDEX 607-096-00-9 0.002 ≤ x < 0.003 Acute Tox. 4 H302, STOT RE 1 H372, Skin Corr. 1B H314, Eye Dam. 1 H318,

Resp. Sens. 1 H334, Skin Sens. 1A H317, EUH071

EC 203-571-6 Skin Sens. 1A H317: ≥ 0,001% CAS 108-31-6 LD50 Oral: 400 mg/kg

The full wording of hazard (H) phrases is given in section 16 of the sheet.

SECTION 4. First aid measures

4.1. Description of first aid measures

In case of doubt or in the presence of symptoms contact a doctor and show him this document.

In case of more severe symptoms, ask for immediate medical aid.

EYES: Remove, if present, contact lenses if the situation allows you to do so easily. Wash immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes, opening the eyelids fully. Get medical advice/attention.

SKIN: Take off immediately all contaminated clothing. Wash immediately and thoroughly with running water (and soap if possible). Get medical advice/attention. Avoid further contact with contaminated clothing.

INGESTION: Do not induce vomiting unless explicitly authorised by a doctor. Do not give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Get medical advice/attention

INHALATION: Remove victim to fresh air, away from the accident scene. In the event of respiratory symptoms (coughing, wheezing, breathing difficulty, asthma) keep the victim in a comfortable position for breathing. If necessary administer oxygen. If the subject stops breathing, administer artificial respiration. Get medical advice/attention.

Rescuer protection

It is good practice for rescuers lending support to a person who has been exposed to a chemical substance or to a mixture to wear personal protective equipment. The nature of such protection depends on the hazard level of the substance or mixture, on the type of exposure and on the extent of the contamination. In the absence of other more specific indications, use of disposable gloves in the event of possible contact with body fluids is recommended. For the type of PPE suitable for the characteristics of the substance or mixture, see section 8.

4.2. Most important symptoms and effects, both acute and delayed

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SECTION 4. First aid measures .../>>

Specific information on symptoms and effects caused by the product are unknown.

DELAYED EFFECTS: Based on the information currently available, there are no known cases of delayed effects following exposure to this product.

4.3. Indication of any immediate medical attention and special treatment needed

IF exposed or concerned: Get medical advice / attention.

Means to have available in the workplace for specific and immediate treatment

Running water for skin and eye wash.

SECTION 5. Firefighting measures

5.1. Extinguishing media

SUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Extinguishing substances are: carbon dioxide, foam, chemical powder. For product loss or leakage that has not caught fire, water spray can be used to disperse flammable vapours and protect those trying to stem the leak.

UNSUITABLE EXTINGUISHING EQUIPMENT

Do not use jets of water. Water is not effective for putting out fires but can be used to cool containers exposed to flames to prevent explosions.

5.2. Special hazards arising from the substance or mixture

HAZARDS CAUSED BY EXPOSURE IN THE EVENT OF FIRE

Excess pressure may form in containers exposed to fire at a risk of explosion. Do not breathe combustion products.

5.3. Advice for firefighters

GENERAL INFORMATION

Use jets of water to cool the containers to prevent product decomposition and the development of substances potentially hazardous for health. Always wear full fire prevention gear. Collect extinguishing water to prevent it from draining into the sewer system. Dispose of contaminated water used for extinction and the remains of the fire according to applicable regulations.

SPECIAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT FOR FIRE-FIGHTERS

Normal fire fighting clothing i.e. fire kit (BS EN 469), gloves (BS EN 659) and boots (HO specification A29 and A30) in combination with self-contained open circuit positive pressure compressed air breathing apparatus (BS EN 137).

SECTION 6. Accidental release measures

6.1. Personal precautions, protective equipment and emergency procedures

Block the leakage if there is no hazard.

Wear suitable protective equipment (including personal protective equipment referred to under Section 8 of the safety data sheet) to prevent any contamination of skin, eyes and personal clothing. These indications apply for both processing staff and those involved in emergency procedures.

Send away individuals who are not suitably equipped. Use explosion-proof equipment. Eliminate all sources of ignition (cigarettes, flames, sparks, etc.) from the leakage site.

6.2. Environmental precautions

The product must not penetrate into the sewer system or come into contact with surface water or ground water.

6.3. Methods and material for containment and cleaning up

Collect the leaked product into a suitable container. Evaluate the compatibility of the container to be used, by checking section 10. Absorb the remainder with inert absorbent material.

Make sure the leakage site is well aired. Contaminated material should be disposed of in compliance with the provisions set forth in point 13.

6.4. Reference to other sections

Any information on personal protection and disposal is given in sections 8 and 13.

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SECTION 7. Handling and storage

7.1. Precautions for safe handling

Keep away from heat, sparks and naked flames; do not smoke or use matches or lighters. Without adequate ventilation, vapours may accumulate at ground level and, if ignited, catch fire even at a distance, with the danger of backfire. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. When performing transfer operations involving large containers, connect to an earthing system and wear antistatic footwear. Vigorous stirring and flow through the tubes and equipment may cause the formation and accumulation of electrostatic charges. In order to avoid the risk of fires and explosions, never use compressed air when handling. Open containers with caution as they may be pressurised. Do not eat, drink or smoke during use. Avoid leakage of the product into the environment.

7.2. Conditions for safe storage, including any incompatibilities

Store only in the original container. Store the containers sealed, in a well ventilated place, away from direct sunlight. Store in a cool and well ventilated place, keep far away from sources of heat, naked flames and sparks and other sources of ignition. Keep containers away from any incompatible materials, see section 10 for details.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Store in an inert atmosphere, sheletered from moisture because it hydrolises easily.

7.3. Specific end use(s)

Information not available

SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection

8.1. Control parameters

Regulatory references:

BGR	България	НАРЕДБА № 13 ОТ 30 ДЕКЕМВРИ 2003 Г. ЗА ЗАЩИТА НА РАБОТЕЩИТЕ ОТ РИСКОВЕ, СВЪРЗАНИ С ЕКСПОЗИЦИЯ НА ХИМИЧНИ АГЕНТИ ПРИ РАБОТА (изм. ДВ. бр.5 от 17
075	Časlać Damaskillas	Януари 2020г.)
CZE	Česká Republika	NAŘÍZENÍ VLÁDY ze dne 10. května 2021, kterým se mění nařízení vlády č. 361/2007 Sb.,
ESP	F	kterým se stanoví podmínky ochrany zdraví při práci
	España	Límites de exposición profesional para agentes químicos en España 2023
FRA	France	Valeurs limites d'exposition professionnelle aux agents chimiques en FranceDécret n° 2021-1849 du 28 décembre 2021
GRC	Ελλάδα	Π.Δ. 26/2020 (ΦΕΚ 50/Α` 6.3.2020) Εναρμόνιση της ελληνικής νομοθεσίας προς τις διατάξεις των οδηγιών 2017/2398/ΕΕ, 2019/130/ΕΕ και 2019/983/ΕΕ «για την τροποποίηση της οδηγίας 2004/37/ΕΚ "σχετικά με την προστασία των εργαζομένων από τους κινδύνους που συνδέονται με την έκθεση σε καρκινογόνους ή μεταλλαξιγόνους παράγοντες κατά την εργασία"»
HRV	Hrvatska	Pravilnik o izmjenama i dopunama Pravilnika o zaštiti radnika od izloženosti opasnimkemikalijama
TIIXV	TilVataka	na radu, graničnim vrijednostima izloženosti i biološkim graničnim vrijednostima (NN 1/2021)
ITA	Italia	Decreto Legislativo 9 Aprile 2008, n.81
LTU	Lietuva	Jsakymas dėl lietuvos higienos normos hn 23:2011 "cheminių medžiagų profesinio poveikio
LIO	Lictuva	ribiniai dydžiai. Matavimo ir poveikio vertinimo bendrieji reikalavimai" patvirtinimo
PRT	Portugal	Decreto-Lei n.º 1/2021 de 6 de janeiro, valores-limite de exposição profissional indicativos para os
1131	r ortugui	agentes químicos. Decreto-Lei n.º 35/2020 de 13 de julho, proteção dos trabalhadores contra os
		riscos ligados à exposição durante o trabalho a agentes cancerígenos ou mutagénicos
POL	Polska	Rozporządzenie ministra rozwoju, pracy i technologii z dnia 18 lutego 2021 r. Zmieniające
I OL	i olaka	rozporządzenie w sprawie najwyższych dopuszczalnych stężeń i natężeń czynników szkodliwych
		dla zdrowia w środowisku pracy
ROU	România	Hotărârea nr. 53/2021 pentru modificarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.218/2006, precum și pentru
NOU	Nomania	modificarea și completarea hotărârii guvernului nr. 1.093/2006
RUS	Россия	ПОСТАНОВЛЕНИЕ от 13 февраля 2018 г. N 25 ОБ УТВЕРЖДЕНИИ ГИГИЕНИЧЕСКИХ
1100	1 OCCUA	НОРМАТИВОВ ГН 2.2.5.3532-18 "ПРЕДЕЛЬНО ДОПУСТИМЫЕ КОНЦЕНТРАЦИИ (ПДК)
		ВРЕДНЫХ ВЕЩЕСТВ В ВОЗДУХЕ РАБОЧЕЙ ЗОНЫ"
SVN	Slovenija	Pravilnik o varovanju delavcev pred tveganji zaradi izpostavljenosti kemičnim snovem pri delu
OVIN	Sloverija	(Uradni list RS, št. 100/01, 39/05, 53/07, 102/10, 43/11 – ZVZD-1, 38/15, 78/18 in 78/19)
TUR	Türkiye	Kimyasal Maddelerle Çalısmalarda Sağlık ve Güvenlik Önlemleri Hakkında Yönetmelik
IUK	rurkiye	12.08.2013 / 28733; 20.10.2023 / 32345.
GBR	United Kinadom	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
	United Kingdom	EH40/2005 Workplace exposure limits (Fourth Edition 2020)
EU	OEL EU	Directive (EU) 2022/431; Directive (EU) 2019/1831; Directive (EU) 2019/130; Directive (EU)
		2019/983; Directive (EU) 2017/2398; Directive (EU) 2017/164; Directive 2009/161/EU; Directive
		2006/15/EC; Directive 2004/37/EC; Directive 2000/39/EC; Directive 98/24/EC; Directive
	T1.1/ 4.0.011.	91/322/EEC.
	TLV-ACGIH	ACGIH 2023

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				X	LENE	
Threshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	400	90,8	SKIN
VLA	ESP	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	650	150	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	221	50	442	100	SKIN
RD	LTU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
VLE	PRT	221	50	442	100	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN
TLV	ROU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
ПДК	RUS	50		150		П
MV	SVN	221	50	442	100	SKIN
ESD	TUR	221	50	442	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	220	50	441	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	221	50	442	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH			20			

	TITANIUM DIOXIDE									
Threshold Limit \	/alue									
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
TLV	BGR	10				RESP				
VLA	ESP	10								
VLEP	FRA	10								
TLV	GRC		10							
GVI/KGVI	HRV	10				INHAL				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	4				RESP				
RD	LTU	5								
NDS/NDSCh	POL	10				INHAL				
TLV	ROU	10		15						
ПДК	RUS	10				а, Ф				
WEL	GBR	10				INHAL				
WEL	GBR	4				RESP				
TLV-ACGIH		0,2				RESP				

	2-PHENOXYETHANOL										
Threshold Limit Value											
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Ol	oservations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm						
NDS/NDSCh	POL	230									
ПДК	RUS			2			п+а				
MV	SVN	110	20	110	20	SKIN					

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			1-ME	THYL-2-METH	OXYETHYL	L ACETATE
Threshold Limit V	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15r	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	275	50	550	100	SKIN
TLV	CZE	270	49,14	550	100,1	SKIN
VLA	ESP	275	50	550	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	275	50	550	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	275	50	550	100	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	275	50	550	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	275	50	550	100	SKIN
RD	LTU	250	50	400	75	SKIN
VLE	PRT	275	50	550	100	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	260		520		SKIN
TLV	ROU	275	50	550	100	SKIN
ПДК	RUS			10		П
MV	SVN	275	50	550	100	SKIN
ESD	TUR	275	50	550	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	274	50	548	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	275	50	550	100	SKIN

				AL	UMINA			
Threshold Limit \	/alue							
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Re	marks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm			
TLV	BGR	10						
TLV	BGR	1,5				RE	SP	
VLA	ESP	10						
VLEP	FRA	10						
TLV	GRC		10					
GVI/KGVI	HRV	10				IN	HAL	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	4				RE	SP	
RD	LTU	5				IN	HAL Kaip Al	
RD	LTU	2				RE	SP Kaip Al	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	2,5				IN	HAL Na Al	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	1,2				RE	SP Na Al	
TLV	ROU	2		5			Aerosoli	
ПДК	RUS	6					а, Ф	
WEL	GBR	10				IN	HAL	
WEL	GBR	4				RE	SP	
TLV-ACGIH		1				RE	SP AI	

				то	LUENE	
Threshold Limit \	/alue					
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	192	50	384	100	SKIN
TLV	CZE	192	50,112	384	100,224	SKIN
VLA	ESP	192	50	384	100	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	76,8	20	384	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	192	50	384	100	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	192	50	384	100	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	192	50			SKIN
RD	LTU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
VLE	PRT	192	50	384	100	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	100		200		SKIN
TLV	ROU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
ПДК	RUS	50		150		П
MV	SVN	192	50	384	100	SKIN
ESD	TUR	192	50	384	100	SKIN
WEL	GBR	191	50	384	100	SKIN
OEL	EU	192	50	384	100	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH			20			

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				ETHYL	BENZENE	
Threshold Limit V	alue					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	435		545		SKIN
TLV	CZE	200	45,4	500	113,5	SKIN
VLA	ESP	441	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	88,4	20	442	100	SKIN
TLV	GRC	435	100	545	125	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	442	100	884	200	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	442	100	884	200	SKIN
RD	LTU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
VLE	PRT	442	100	884	200	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	200		400		SKIN
TLV	ROU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
ПДК	RUS	50		150		П
MV	SVN	442	100	884	200	SKIN
ESD	TUR	442	100	884	200	SKIN
WEL	GBR	441	100	552	125	SKIN
OEL	EU	442	100	884	200	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		87	20			

	2-DIETHYLAMINOETHANOL									
Threshold Limit \	/alue									
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations				
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm					
TLV	BGR	50								
TLV	CZE	50	10,25	100	20,5	SKIN				
VLA	ESP	9,7	2			SKIN				
VLEP	FRA	50	10			SKIN				
TLV	GRC	50	10							
GVI/KGVI	HRV	50	10							
RD	LTU	10	2	50	10	SKIN				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	13		26		SKIN				
TLV	ROU	30	6	45	9	SKIN				
ПДК	RUS			5		П				
MV	SVN	24	5	24	5	SKIN				
ESD	TUR	50	10							
TLV-ACGIH		9,6	2			SKIN				

				DI-ISOBU	TYL KETOI	NE .	
Threshold Limit V	'alue						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
VLA	ESP	148	25				
VLEP	FRA	250	25				
TLV	GRC	290	50				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	148	25				
NDS/NDSCh	POL	150		300			
TLV	ROU	150	26	250	43		
MV	SVN	290	50				
ESD	TUR	290	50				
WEL	GBR	148	25				
TLV-ACGIH		145	25				

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				CYCLO	HEXANON	NE
Threshold Limit V	/alue					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15i	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
TLV	CZE	40	9,8	80	196	SKIN
VLA	ESP	41	10	82	20	SKIN
VLEP	FRA	40,8	10	81,6	20	
TLV	GRC	200	50	400	100	
GVI/KGVI	HRV	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
VLEP	ITA	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
RD	LTU	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
VLE	PRT	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
NDS/NDSCh	POL	40		80		SKIN
TLV	ROU	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
ПДК	RUS	10		30		П
MV	SVN	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
ESD	TUR	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
WEL	GBR	41	10	82	20	SKIN
OEL	EU	40,8	10	81,6	20	SKIN
TLV-ACGIH		80	20	201	50	SKIN

				ETHYL	ACETATE		
Threshold Limit V	/alue						
Туре	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15n	nin	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	734	200	1468	400		
TLV	CZE	700	191,1	900	245,7		
VLA	ESP	734	200	1468	400		
VLEP	FRA	734	200	1468	400		
TLV	GRC	734	200	1468	400		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	734	200	1468	400		
VLEP	ITA	734	200	1468	400		
RD	LTU	500	150	1100 (C)	300 (C)		
VLE	PRT	734	200	1468	400		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	734		1468			
TLV	ROU	734	200	1468	400		
ПДК	RUS	50		200		П	
MV	SVN	734	200	1468	400		
ESD	TUR	734	200	1468	400		
WEL	GBR	734	200	1468	400		
OEL	EU	734	200	1468	400		
TLV-ACGIH		1441	400				

				N-BUTY	L ACETATI		
Threshold Limit V	/alue						
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations	
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm		
TLV	BGR	710		950			
TLV	CZE	241		723			
VLA	ESP	241	50	723	150		
VLEP	FRA	241	50	723	150		
TLV	GRC	710	150	950	200		
GVI/KGVI	HRV	241	50	723	150		
VLEP	ITA	241	50	723	150		
RD	LTU	241	50	723	150		
VLE	PRT	241	50	723	150		
NDS/NDSCh	POL	240		720			
TLV	ROU	241	50	723	150		
ПДК	RUS			0,1		П	
MV	SVN	300	62	600	124		
ESD	TUR	241	50	723	150		
WEL	GBR	724	150	966	200		
OEL	EU	241	50	723	150		
TLV-ACGIH			50		150		

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				MALEIC	ANHYDRID	DE
Threshold Limit \	/alue					
Type	Country	TWA/8h		STEL/15	min	Remarks / Observations
		mg/m3	ppm	mg/m3	ppm	
TLV	BGR	1				
TLV	CZE	1	0,245	2	0,49	
VLA	ESP	0,4	0,1			
VLEP	FRA			1		
TLV	GRC	1				
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,41	0,1	0,8	0,2	INHAL
GVI/KGVI	HRV	0,41	0,1	0,8	0,2	SKIN
RD	LTU	1,2	0,3	2,5	0,6	
NDS/NDSCh	POL	0,5		1		SKIN
TLV	ROU	1	0,25	3	0,75	
ПДК	RUS			1		п + а, А
MV	SVN	0,41	0,1	0,41	0,1	
ESD	TUR	1	0,25			
WEL	GBR	1		3		
TLV-ACGIH		0,01	0,0025			INHAL

				IDLITVI T	IN-DILAURATI	=			
			L	IDU I TL-I	IN-DILAURA I I	-			
Threshold Limit Valu	-	=1.1.1.101		o==: //=					
Type C	,	ΓWA/8h		STEL/15	mın	Remarks / Obs	servations		
	n	ng/m3 թլ	pm	mg/m3	ppm				
TLV-ACGIH		0,1		0,2					
Predicted no-effect of	oncentratio	n - PNEC							
Normal value in fre	sh water						0,00046	mg/l	
							3		
Normal value in ma	arine water						0,00004	mg/l	
							63		
Normal value for from	esh water se	diment					0,05	mg/kg	
Normal value for m	arine water	sediment					0,005	mg/kg	
Normal value for w	ater, intermit	ttent release					0,00463	mg/l	
Normal value of ST	P microorga	nisms					100	mg/l	
Normal value for th			oisonina)				0,2	mg/kg	
Normal value for th			- 0,				0,0407	mg/kg	
Normal value for th							VND	9,9	
Health - Derived no-			1				=		
						Effects on workers			
Route of exposure		Acute		hronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
Troute of exposure	local	systemic		ocal	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
01		•			,		•		•
Oral	VND	0,01		ND	0,002	VND	VND	VND	VND

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microorgani ood chain (serrestrial co atmosphere ect level - D	ment diment termittent release sms secondary poisor mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	ing)			1,5 0,00015 3 300 150 10 41 840 NPI	μg/L mg/l mg/kg μg/kg ng/L mg/l mg/kg μg/kg	
ne water n water sedi ne water se ne water, in microorgani ood chain (s errestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	diment termittent release sms secondary poisor mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	ing)			0,00015 3 300 150 10 41 840	mg/l mg/kg µg/kg ng/L mg/l mg/kg	
n water sedi ne water se ne water, in microorgani food chain (serrestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	diment termittent release sms secondary poisor mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	ing)			3 300 150 10 41 840	mg/kg µg/kg ng/L mg/l mg/kg	
ne water se ne water, in microorgani food chain (serrestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	diment termittent release sms secondary poisor mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	ing)			300 150 10 41 840	μg/kg ng/L mg/l mg/kg	
ne water, in microorgani food chain (serrestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	termittent release sms secondary poisor mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	ing)			150 10 41 840	ng/L mg/l mg/kg	
microorgani cood chain (s errestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	sms secondary poisor mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	ing)			10 41 840	mg/l mg/kg	
ood chain (serrestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	secondary poisor mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	G,			41 840	mg/kg	
errestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	mpartment NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	G,			840		
atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute	NEL / DMEL n consumers Acute	Observice				µg/кg	
ect level - D Effects or Acute	n consumers Acute	Observice			NPI		
Effects or Acute	n consumers Acute	Observator					
Acute	Acute	01		T.CC			
				Effects on w		O	
iocai		Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
	NPI		3,7				
	NDI	40.0	mg/kg	NDI	NIDI	70.0	70.0
	NPI		*	NPI	NPI		73,0
	NDI			NDI	NDI		mg/m³
	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI
ne water, in microorgani ood chain (s	termittent release sms secondary poisor				1,1 120 10 16	mg/kg ng/L mg/l mg/kg	
	mpariment				, -	mg/kg	
	NEI / DMEI				INPI		
				Effects on w	orkere		
		Chronio	Chronic			Chronic	Chronic
							systemic
iocai	NPI	iocai	5,0 mg/kg	iocai	Systerric	local	зузі с і і ііс
	NPI	4,3 mg/m³	17,3 mg/m³	NPI	NPI	24,2 mg/m³	97,3 mg/m³
	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI	NPI
	Mas	s reaction of e	thvlbenzene a	nd xvlene			
centration			,	Ayıono			
					0.327	ma/l	
					,		
	water ne water sedi ne water sedi ne water sedi ne water, in microorgani rood chain (serrestrial co atmosphere ect level - D Effects or Acute local	ne water n water sediment ine water sediment ine water, intermittent release microorganisms food chain (secondary poison iterrestrial compartment atmosphere iter level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on consumers Acute Acute local systemic NPI NPI NPI NPI NPI Mase iteratriation - PNEC water	Decamethylo Incentration - PNEC water In water sediment In water sediment In water sediment In water, intermittent release microorganisms food chain (secondary poisoning) Iterrestrial compartment Intermittent release Intermittent r	NPI 13,0 13,0 mg/m³ mg/m³ NPI NPI NPI NPI Decamethylcyclopentasilo ncentration - PNEC water ne water sediment ine water sediment ine water, intermittent release microorganisms food chain (secondary poisoning) terrestrial compartment atmosphere act level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on consumers Acute Acute Chronic Chronic local systemic local systemic NPI 5,0 mg/kg NPI 4,3 17,3 mg/m³ mg/m³ NPI NPI NPI NPI Mass reaction of ethylbenzene accentration - PNEC water	NPI 13,0 13,0 NPI	NPI	NPI

Mass reaction of ethylbenzene and xylene									
Predicted no-effect con	centration -	PNEC							
Normal value in fresh	water					0,327	mg/l		
Normal value in marir	ne water					0,327	mg/l		
Normal value for fresh	mg/kg/d								
Normal value for marine water sediment 12,46									
Normal value for water, intermittent release 0,327 mg/l									
Normal value of STP microorganisms 6,58 mg/l									
Normal value for the terrestrial compartment 2,31 mg/kg/d									
Health - Derived no-effe	ect level - Di	NEL / DMEL							
	Effects on	consumers			Effects on v	orkers			
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	
Oral				12,5					
				mg/kg bw/d					
Inhalation	260	260	65,3	65,3	442	442	221	221	
	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	mg/m3	
Skin				125				212	
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg	
								bw/d	

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SECTION 8. Exposure controls/personal protection .../

			Propylic	dintrimethanol				
Health - Derived no-eff	ect level - D	NEL / DMEL						
	Effects or	n consumers			Effects on v	vorkers		
Route of exposure	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic	Acute	Acute	Chronic	Chronic
	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic	local	systemic
Oral				0,34				
				mg/kg bw/d				
Inhalation				0,58				3,3
				mg/m3				mg/m3
Skin				0,34		0,94		0,94
				mg/kg bw/d				mg/kg
								bw/d

products of the addition reaction of conjugated sunflower oil fatty acids and thalloy! fatty acids with acid anhydride of maleic acid Predicted no-effect concentration - PNEC 67 Normal value for the food chain (secondary poisoning) mg/kg Health - Derived no-effect level - DNEL / DMEL Effects on consumers Effects on workers Acute Chronic Chronic Acute Chronic Route of exposure Acute Acute Chronic systemic local systemic systemic local systemic local local Oral 1,5 mg/kg bw/d Skin 3 1.5 mg/kg bw/d mg/kg bw/d

Legend:

(C) = CEILING; INHAL = Inhalable Fraction; RESP = Respirable Fraction; THORA = Thoracic Fraction.

VND = hazard identified but no DNEL/PNEC available ; NEA = no exposure expected ; NPI = no hazard identified ; LOW = low hazard ; MED = medium hazard ; HIGH = high hazard.

8.2. Exposure controls

As the use of adequate technical equipment must always take priority over personal protective equipment, make sure that the workplace is well aired through effective local aspiration.

When choosing personal protective equipment, ask your chemical substance supplier for advice.

Personal protective equipment must be CE marked, showing that it complies with applicable standards.

Provide an emergency shower with face and eye wash station.

Exposure levels must be kept as low as possible to avoid significant build-up in the organism. Manage personal protective equipment so as to guarantee maximum protection (e.g. reduction in replacement times).

HAND PROTECTION

Protect hands with category III work gloves.

The following should be considered when choosing work glove material (see standard EN 374): compatibility, degradation, permeability

The work gloves' resistance to chemical agents should be checked before use, as it can be unpredictable. The gloves' wear time depends on the duration and type of use.

SKIN PROTECTION

Wear category II professional long-sleeved overalls and safety footwear (see Regulation 2016/425 and standard EN ISO 20344). Wash body with soap and water after removing protective clothing.

Consider the appropriateness of providing antistatic clothing in the case of working environments in which there is a risk of explosion.

EYE PROTECTION

Wear airtight protective goggles (see standard EN ISO 16321).

RESPIRATORY PROTECTION

Respiratory protection devices must be used if the technical measures adopted are not suitable for restricting the worker's exposure to the threshold values considered. Use a mask with a type A filter whose class (1, 2 or 3) must be chosen according to the limit of use concentration. (see standard EN 14387).

If the substance considered is odourless or its olfactory threshold is higher than the corresponding TLV-TWA and in the case of an emergency, wear open-circuit compressed air breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 137) or external air-intake breathing apparatus (in compliance with standard EN 138). For a correct choice of respiratory protection device, see standard EN 529. ENVIRONMENTAL EXPOSURE CONTROLS

The emissions generated by manufacturing processes, including those generated by ventilation equipment, should be checked to ensure compliance with environmental standards.

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Information

Temperature: 20 °C

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SECTION 9. Physical and chemical properties

9.1. Information on basic physical and chemical properties

Properties Value
Appearance liquid

Colour white

Odour characteristic of solvent

Melting point / freezing point not available Initial boiling point not available Flammability Lower explosive limit not available not available Upper explosive limit Flash point -4 °C not available Auto-ignition temperature Decomposition temperature not available not available

Kinematic viscosity 440 mm2/s Temperature: 20 °C

Dynamic viscosity 600 mPas Method:Brookfield(R3/RPM20)

Temperature: 20 °C

Solubility insoluble in water
Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water not available
Vapour pressure not available
Density and/or relative density 1,37 kg/l

Relative vapour density not available Particle characteristics not applicable

9.2. Other information

9.2.1. Information with regard to physical hazard classes

Information not available

9.2.2. Other safety characteristics

Total solids (250°C / 482°F) 72,06 %

VOC (Directive 2010/75/EU) 27,79 % - 380,78 g/litre VOC (volatile carbon) 22,51 % - 308,37 g/litre

SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity

10.1. Reactivity

There are no particular risks of reaction with other substances in normal conditions of use.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

With the air it may slowly develop peroxides that explode with an increase in temperature.

TOLUENE

Avoid exposure to: light.

CYCLOHEXANONE

Attacks various types of plastic materials.

May condense under the effect of heat to form resinous compounds.

ETHYL ACETATE

Decomposes slowly into acetic acid and ethanol under the effect of light, air and water.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Decomposes on contact with: water.

10.2. Chemical stability

The product is stable in normal conditions of use and storage.

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SECTION 10. Stability and reactivity .../>>

10.3. Possibility of hazardous reactions

The vapours may also form explosive mixtures with the air.

XYLENE

Stable in normal conditions of use and storage. Reacts violently with: strong oxidants, strong acids, nitric acid, perchlorates. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

May react violently with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

TOLUENE

Risk of explosion on contact with: fuming sulphuric acid,nitric acid,silver perchlorate,nitrogen dioxide,non-metal halogenates,acetic acid,organic nitrocompounds. May form explosive mixtures with: air. May react dangerously with: strong oxidising agents, strong acids, sulphur.

ETHYLBENZENE

Reacts violently with: strong oxidants. Attacks various types of plastic materials. May form explosive mixtures with: air.

CYCLOHEXANONE

Risk of explosion on contact with: hydrogen peroxide,nitric acid,heat,mineral acids.May react violently with: oxidising agents.Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

ETHYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: alkaline metals, hydrides, oleum. May react violently with: fluorine, strong oxidising agents, chlorosulphuric acid, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Risk of explosion on contact with: strong oxidising agents. May react dangerously with: alkaline hydroxides, potassium tert-butoxide. Forms explosive mixtures with: air.

10.4. Conditions to avoid

Avoid overheating. Avoid bunching of electrostatic charges. Avoid all sources of ignition.

CYCLOHEXANONE

Avoid exposure to: sources of heat,naked flames.

ETHYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: light, sources of heat, naked flames.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Avoid exposure to: moisture, sources of heat, naked flames.

10.5. Incompatible materials

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Incompatible with: oxidising substances, strong acids, alkaline metals.

ETHYL ACETATE

 $Incompatible\ with: acids, bases, strong\ oxidants, chlorosulphuric\ acid.$

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 $Incompatible\ with:\ water, nitrates, strong\ oxidants, acids, alkalis, zinc.$

10.6. Hazardous decomposition products

In the event of thermal decomposition or fire, gases and vapours that are potentially dangerous to health may be released.

ETHYLBENZENE

May develop: methane,styrene,hydrogen,ethane.

SECTION 11. Toxicological information

In the absence of experimental data for the product itself, health hazards are evaluated according to the properties of the substances it contains, using the criteria specified in the applicable regulation for classification.

It is therefore necessary to take into account the concentration of the individual hazardous substances indicated in section 3, to evaluate the toxicological effects of exposure to the product.

11.1. Information on hazard classes as defined in Regulation (EC) No 1272/2008

Metabolism, toxicokinetics, mechanism of action and other information

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

The main route of entry is the skin, whereas the respiratory route is less important due to the low vapour pressure of the product.

Information on likely routes of exposure

XYLENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air.

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1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

TOLUENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; inhalation of ambient air; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

ETHYLBENZENE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

POPULATION: ingestion of contaminated food or water; contact with the skin of products containing the substance.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

WORKERS: inhalation; contact with the skin.

Delayed and immediate effects as well as chronic effects from short and long-term exposure

XYLENE

Toxic effect on the central nervous system (encephalopathy); irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

Above 100 ppm causes irritation of the eye, nose and oropharynx mucous membranes. At 1000 ppm, disturbance of equilibrium and severe eye irritation can be noticed. Clinical and biological examinations carried out on exposed volunteers revealed no anomalies. Acetate produces greater skin and eye irritation with direct contact. No chronic effects on humans have been reported (INCR, 2010).

TOLUENE

Toxic effect on the central and peripheral nervous system with encephalopathy and polyneuritis; irritating for the skin, conjunctiva, cornea and respiratory apparatus.

ETHYLBENZENE

As the counterparts of benzene, may have an acute effect on the central nervous system, with depression, narcosis, often preceded by dizziness and associated with headache (Ispesl). Is irritating for skin, conjunctiva and respiratory tract.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

In humans, the substance's vapours cause irritation of the eyes and nose. In the event of repeated exposure, skin irritation, dermatitis (dryness and cracking of the skin) and keratitis appear.

Interactive effects

XYLENE

Intake of alcohol interferes with the metabolism of the substance, inhibiting it. Ethanol consumption (0.8 g/kg) before a 4-hour exposure to xylene vapours (145 and 280 ppm) causes a 50% reduction in the excretion of methyl hippuric acid, whereas the concentration of xylenes in the blood increases approx. 1.5-2 times. At the same time there is an increase in the secondary side effects of the ethanol. The metabolism of the xylenes is increased by phenobarbital and 3-methyl-colantrene type enzyme inducers. Aspirin and xylenes mutually inhibit their conjugation with the glycine, which results in a decrease in urinary excretion of methyl hippuric acid. Other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of xylenes.

TOLUENE

Certain drugs and other industrial products can interfere with the metabolism of the toluene.

N-BUTYL ACETATE

A case of acute intoxication been reported involving a 33 year old worker while cleaning a tank with a preparation containing xylenes, butyl acetate and ethylene glycol acetate. The person had irritation of the conjunctiva and upper respiratory tract, drowsiness and motor coordination disorders, which disappeared within 5 hours. The symptoms are attributed to poisoning by mixed xylenes and butyl acetate, with a possible synergistic effect responsible for the neurological effects. Cases of vacuolar keratitis are reported in workers exposed to a mixture of butyl acetate and isobutanol vapours, but with uncertainty concerning the responsibility of a particular solvent (INRC, 2011).

ACUTE TOXICITY

ATE (Inhalation - vapours) of the mixture: > 20 mg/l
ATE (Oral) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg
ATE (Dermal) of the mixture: >2000 mg/kg

XYLENE

LD50 (Dermal): 4350 mg/kg Rabbit

ATE (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

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LD50 (Oral): 3523 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 26 mg/l/4h Rat

ATE (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

1-METHYL-2-METHOXYETHYL ACETATE

LD50 (Dermal): > 5000 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 8530 mg/kg Rat

TOLUENE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 12124 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 5580 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 28,1 mg/l/4h Rat

ETHYLBENZENE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 15354 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 3500 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 17,2 mg/l/4h Rat

CYCLOHEXANONE

ATE (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 1890 mg/kg Rat LC50 (Inhalation vapours): > 6,2 mg/l/4h Rat

ATE (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

N-BUTYL ACETATE

 LD50 (Dermal):
 > 5000 mg/kg Rabbit

 LD50 (Oral):
 > 6400 mg/kg Rat

 LC50 (Inhalation vapours):
 21,1 mg/l/4h Rat

MALEIC ANHYDRIDE

LD50 (Dermal): 610 mg/kg Rat LD50 (Oral): 400 mg/kg Rat

Mass reaction of ethylbenzene and xylene

LD50 (Dermal): > 4350 mg/kg ratto

ATE (Dermal): 1100 mg/kg estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

LD50 (Oral): 3500 mg/kg ratto LC50 (Inhalation vapours): 29,08 mg/l/4h ratto

ATE (Inhalation vapours): 11 mg/l estimate from table 3.1.2 of Annex I of the CLP

(figure used for calculation of the acute toxicity estimate of the mixture)

Propylidintrimethanol

LD50 (Oral): 14700 mg/kg ratto - rat

products of the addition reaction of conjugated sunflower oil fatty acids and thalloyl fatty acids with acid anhydride of maleic acid LD50 (Oral): > 2000 mg/kg ratto (femmina) - OECD 423

SKIN CORROSION / IRRITATION

Causes skin irritation

SERIOUS EYE DAMAGE / IRRITATION

Causes serious eye irritation

RESPIRATORY OR SKIN SENSITISATION

Sensitising for the skin

GERM CELL MUTAGENICITY

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

CARCINOGENICITY

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Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

XYLENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC). The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

TOLUENE

Classified in Group 3 (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC,

The US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) affirms that "the data is inadequate for an assessment of the carcinogenic potential".

ETHYLBENZENE

Classified in Group 2B (possible human carcinogen) by the International Agency for Research on Cancer (IARC) - (IARC, 2000). Classified in Group D (not classifiable as a human carcinogen) by the US Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) - (US EPA file

REPRODUCTIVE TOXICITY

Suspected of damaging the unborn child

STOT - SINGLE EXPOSURE

Does not meet the classification criteria for this hazard class

STOT - REPEATED EXPOSURE

May cause damage to organs

ASPIRATION HAZARD

Toxic for aspiration

11.2. Information on other hazards

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with human health effects under evaluation.

SECTION 12. Ecological information

Use this product according to good working practices. Avoid littering. Inform the competent authorities, should the product reach waterways or contaminate soil or vegetation.

12.1. Toxicity

CYCLOHEXANONE

I C50 - for Fish 527 mg/l/96h

N-BUTYL ACETATE

EC50 - for Crustacea 44 mg/l/48h

Propylidintrimethanol

> 1000 mg/l/96h LC50 - for Fish EC50 - for Crustacea 13000 mg/l/48h Dafnie > 1000 mg/l/72h EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants

products of the addition reaction of conjugated sunflower oil fatty acids and thalloyl fatty acids with acid anhydride of maleic acid

LC50 - for Fish > 150 mg/l/96h Leuciscus idus > 100 mg/l/48h Daphnia magna EC50 - for Crustacea

EC50 - for Algae / Aquatic Plants > 100 mg/l/72h Pseudokirchneriella subcapitata

12.2. Persistence and degradability

XYLENE

100 - 1000 mg/l Solubility in water

Rapidly degradable

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TOLUENE

100 - 1000 mg/l Solubility in water

Rapidly degradable

CYCLOHEXANONE

Solubility in water 0,1 - 100 mg/l

Rapidly degradable

ETHYL ACETATE

> 10000 mg/l Solubility in water

Rapidly degradable

N-BUTYL ACETATE

Solubility in water 1000 - 10000 mg/l

12.3. Bioaccumulative potential

XYLENE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 3,12 25,9

TOLUENE

2,73 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water **BCF** 90

CYCLOHEXANONE

0,86 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water

ETHYL ACETATE

Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water 0,68 **BCF** 30

N-BUTYL ACETATE

2.3 Partition coefficient: n-octanol/water **BCF** 15,3

12.4. Mobility in soil

XYLENE

Partition coefficient: soil/water 2.73 CYCLOHEXANONE Partition coefficient: soil/water 1,18 N-BUTYL ACETATE < 3

Partition coefficient: soil/water

12.5. Results of PBT and vPvB assessment

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any PBT or vPvB in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

12.6. Endocrine disrupting properties

Based on the available data, the product does not contain substances listed in the main European lists of potential or suspected endocrine disruptors with environmental effects under evaluation.

12.7. Other adverse effects

Information not available

SECTION 13. Disposal considerations

13.1. Waste treatment methods

Reuse, when possible. Product residues should be considered special hazardous waste. The hazard level of waste containing this product should be evaluated according to applicable regulations.

Disposal must be performed through an authorised waste management firm, in compliance with national and local regulations.

Waste transportation may be subject to ADR restrictions.

The management of waste arising from the use or dispersal of this product must be organised in accordance with occupational safety regulations. See section 8 for possible need for PPE.

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CONTAMINATED PACKAGING

Contaminated packaging must be recovered or disposed of in compliance with national waste management regulations.

SECTION 14. Transport information

14.1. UN number or ID number

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA: UN 1263

14.2. UN proper shipping name

ADR / RID: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IMDG: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL IATA: PAINT RELATED MATERIAL

14.3. Transport hazard class(es)

ADR / RID: Class: 3 Label: 3

IMDG: Class: 3 Label: 3

IATA: Class: 3 Label: 3



14.4. Packing group

ADR / RID, IMDG, IATA:

14.5. Environmental hazards

ADR / RID: NO

IMDG: not marine pollutant

IATA: NO

14.6. Special precautions for user

ADR / RID: HIN - Kemler: 33 Limited Quantities: 5 lt Tunnel restriction code: (D/E)

Special provision: 163, 367, 640D, 650

IMDG: EMS: F-E, <u>S-E</u> Limited Quantities: 5 It

IATA: Cargo: Maximum quantity: 60 L Packaging instructions: 364
Passengers: Maximum quantity: 5 L Packaging instructions: 353

Special provision: A3, A72, A192

14.7. Maritime transport in bulk according to IMO instruments

Information not relevant

SECTION 15. Regulatory information

15.1. Safety, health and environmental regulations/legislation specific for the substance or mixture

Seveso Category - Directive 2012/18/EU: P5d

Restrictions relating to the product or contained substances pursuant to Annex XVII to EC Regulation 1907/2006

Product

Point 3 - 40

Contained substance

Point 75

Point 48 TOLUENE

REACH Reg.: 01-2119471310-51

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SECTION 15. Regulatory information/>>

Regulation (EU) 2019/1148 - on the marketing and use of explosives precursors not applicable

Substances in Candidate List (Art. 59 REACH)

On the basis of available data, the product does not contain any SVHC in percentage ≥ than 0,1%.

Substances subject to authorisation (Annex XIV REACH)

None

Substances subject to exportation reporting pursuant to Regulation (EU) 649/2012:

None

Substances subject to the Rotterdam Convention:

None

Substances subject to the Stockholm Convention:

None

Healthcare controls

Workers exposed to this chemical agent must not undergo health checks, provided that available risk-assessment data prove that the risks related to the workers' health and safety are modest and that the 98/24/EC directive is respected.

15.2. Chemical safety assessment

A chemical safety assessment has not been performed for the preparation/for the substances indicated in section 3.

SECTION 16. Other information

Text of hazard (H) indications mentioned in section 2-3 of the sheet:

Flam. Liq. 2 Flammable liquid, category 2
Flam. Liq. 3 Flammable liquid, category 3
Repr. 2 Reproductive toxicity, category 2

Acute Tox. 4 Acute toxicity, category 4

STOT RE 1 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 1

Asp. Tox. 1 Aspiration hazard, category 1

STOT RE 2 Specific target organ toxicity - repeated exposure, category 2

Skin Corr. 1B

Eye Dam. 1

Eye Irrit. 2

Skin Irrit. 2

Skin corrosion, category 1B

Serious eye damage, category 1

Eye Irritation, category 2

Skin Irritation, category 2

STOT SE 3 Specific target organ toxicity - single exposure, category 3

Resp. Sens. 1 Respiratory sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1 Skin sensitization, category 1
Skin Sens. 1A Skin sensitization, category 1A

Aquatic Chronic 3 Hazardous to the aquatic environment, chronic toxicity, category 3

H225 Highly flammable liquid and vapour. **H226** Flammable liquid and vapour.

H361d Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H361fd Suspected of damaging fertility. Suspected of damaging the unborn child.

H302 Harmful if swallowed.
H312 Harmful in contact with skin.
H332 Harmful if inhaled

H372 Causes damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H304 May be fatal if swallowed and enters airways.

H373 May cause damage to organs through prolonged or repeated exposure.

H314 Causes severe skin burns and eye damage.

H318Causes serious eye damage.H319Causes serious eye irritation.H315Causes skin irritation.

H335 May cause respiratory irritation.

H334 May cause allergy or asthma symptoms or breathing difficulties if inhaled.

H317 May cause an allergic skin reaction.H336 May cause drowsiness or dizziness.

H412 Harmful to aquatic life with long lasting effects.

EUH066 Repeated exposure may cause skin dryness or cracking.

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EUH071

Corrosive to the respiratory tract.

LEGEND:

- ADR: European Agreement concerning the carriage of Dangerous goods by Road
- ATE: Acute Toxicity Estimate
- CAS: Chemical Abstract Service Number
- CE50: Effective concentration (required to induce a 50% effect)
- CE: Identifier in ESIS (European archive of existing substances)
- CLP: Regulation (EC) 1272/2008
- DNEL: Derived No Effect Level
- EmS: Emergency Schedule
- GHS: Globally Harmonized System of classification and labeling of chemicals
- IATA DGR: International Air Transport Association Dangerous Goods Regulation
- IC50: Immobilization Concentration 50%
- IMDG: International Maritime Code for dangerous goods
- IMO: International Maritime Organization
- INDEX: Identifier in Annex VI of CLP
- LC50: Lethal Concentration 50%
- LD50: Lethal dose 50%
- OEL: Occupational Exposure Level
- PBT: Persistent, bioaccumulative and toxic
- PEC: Predicted environmental Concentration
- PEL: Predicted exposure level
- PMT: Persistent, mobile and toxic
- PNEC: Predicted no effect concentration
- REACH: Regulation (EC) 1907/2006
- RID: Regulation concerning the international transport of dangerous goods by train
- TLV: Threshold Limit Value
- TLV CEILING: Concentration that should not be exceeded during any time of occupational exposure.
- TWA: Time-weighted average exposure limit
- TWA STEL: Short-term exposure limit
- VOC: Volatile organic Compounds
- vPvB: Very persistent and very bioaccumulative
- vPvM: Very persistent and very mobile
- WGK: Water hazard classes (German).

GENERAL BIBLIOGRAPHY

- 1. Regulation (EC) 1907/2006 (REACH) of the European Parliament
- 2. Regulation (EC) 1272/2008 (CLP) of the European Parliament
- 3. Regulation (EU) 2020/878 (II Annex of REACH Regulation)
- 4. Regulation (EC) 790/2009 (I Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 5. Regulation (EU) 286/2011 (II Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 6. Regulation (EU) 618/2012 (III Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 7. Regulation (EU) 487/2013 (IV Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 8. Regulation (EU) 944/2013 (V Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 9. Regulation (EU) 605/2014 (VI Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 10. Regulation (EU) 2015/1221 (VII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 11. Regulation (EU) 2016/918 (VIII Atp. CLP) of the European Parliament
- 12. Regulation (EU) 2016/1179 (IX Atp. CLP)
- 13. Regulation (EU) 2017/776 (X Atp. CLP)
- 14. Regulation (EU) 2018/669 (XI Atp. CLP)
- 15. Regulation (EU) 2019/521 (XII Atp. CLP)
- 16. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2018/1480 (XIII Atp. CLP)
- 17. Regulation (EU) 2019/1148
- 18. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/217 (XIV Atp. CLP)
- 19. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2020/1182 (XV Atp. CLP)
- 20. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/643 (XVI Atp. CLP)
- 21. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2021/849 (XVII Atp. CLP) 22. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2022/692 (XVIII Atp. CLP)
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- 25. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2023/1435 (XX Atp. CLP)
- 26. Delegated Regulation (UE) 2024/197 (XXI Atp. CLP)
- The Merck Index. 10th Edition
- Handling Chemical Safety
- INRS Fiche Toxicologique (toxicological sheet)
- Patty Industrial Hygiene and Toxicology

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- N.I. Sax Dangerous properties of Industrial Materials-7, 1989 Edition
- IFA GESTIS website
- ECHA website
- Database of SDS models for chemicals Ministry of Health and ISS (Istituto Superiore di Sanità) Italy

Note for users:

The information contained in the present sheet are based on our own knowledge on the date of the last version. Users must verify the suitability and thoroughness of provided information according to each specific use of the product.

This document must not be regarded as a guarantee on any specific product property.

The use of this product is not subject to our direct control; therefore, users must, under their own responsibility, comply with the current health and safety laws and regulations. The producer is relieved from any liability arising from improper uses.

Provide appointed staff with adequate training on how to use chemical products.

CALCULATION METHODS FOR CLASSIFICATION

Chemical and physical hazards: Product classification derives from criteria established by the CLP Regulation, Annex I, Part 2. The data for evaluation of chemical-physical properties are reported in section 9.

Health hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 3, unless determined otherwise in Section 11.

Environmental hazards: Product classification is based on calculation methods as per Annex I of CLP, Part 4, unless determined otherwise in Section 12.

Changes to previous review:

The following sections were modified:

08 / 12.